

BOCA ENGINEERING CO. | SPAR STRUCTURAL & CIVIL CONSULTANTS

NATIONAL BUILDING CODE OF CANADA ENGINEERING EVALUATION REPORT

Issue Date 2023-09-15 Report Number 0093-15-1-5911 Client Name FastPlank Inc. Address 101-4441 76th Ave SE, Calgary, AB T2C 2G8

Subject

FastPlank Systems aluminum exterior wall cladding.

Evaluation Scope

This report is provided to assist registered design professionals and building officials in Canada with determining compliance to the performance objectives in the named building codes.

The material(s) and system(s) described herein have been evaluated to the 2020 National Building Code of Canada (NBCC), Division A, Sections 1.2.1.1.(1)(a) for compliance with the objectives and functional statements attributed to the applicable acceptable solutions in Division B, for buildings classified under Part 3/4/5 and Part 9 construction.

CSI DIVISION:	07 00 00 THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION
SUBDIVISION:	07 46 16 Aluminum Siding

CODE SECTIONS AND STANDARDS:

NBCC Div. B Section	Description	Referenced Standard or Div. B Section ¹	Year
	Part 3,4,5		
1.4.1.2.(1) ²	Determination of Noncombustibility	CAN/ULC S114	2018
3.1.4.8(1)(a)	Exterior Cladding	-	-
3.1.5.1	Noncombustible Materials	Div A 1.4.1.2	-
3.1.5.2	Minor Combustible Components	-	-
3.1.12.1.(1)	Determination of (Flame-Spread and Smoke Developed Classification) Ratings	CAN/ULC-S102	2018
4.1.3.5	Limit States Design, Deflection	-	-
4.1.7.1.(5)	Wind Load, Exterior Cladding Strength Attachment	4.1.7.3	-
4.3.5.1	Design Basis for Aluminium	CAN/CSA S157, S157.1	2017
5.1.4.1	Resistance to Structural and Environmental Loads	5.2.1, 5.2.2, 4.1.3.5	-
5.1.4.2	Resistance to Deterioration	-	-
5.2.1.3.(3)	Environmental (Wind) Load and Transfer Calculations	4.1.7	-
5.6.1.1	Required Protection from Precipitation	-	-



5.6.2.1	Sealing and Drainage	-	-
5.9.1.1.(1)(b)	Compliance with Applicable Standards	CGSB 93.1, 93.2	1985, 1991
5.9.3.5 ²	Water Penetration	ASTM E331	2000
A-5.9.3.2.(1)	Structural and Environmental Loads	ASTM E330	2014
	Part 9		
9.4.1.1.(1)I(i)	Structural Design Requirements and Application Limits	Part 4	-
9.10.3.2	Flame-Spread Ratings	Part 3	-
9.10.6	Construction Types	3.1.5	-
9.27.1.1.(1)	General, Application, Cladding	9.27.2 – 9.27.12, Part 5	-
9.27.2.2.(1)(a)	Minimum Protection from Precipitation Ingress	-	-
9.27.11.1.(3)	Material Standards, Metal	CGSB 93.2	1991

1. Only the applicable reference standards and code sections sited in the main body text are listed. (-) indicates that the main body text covers the full explanation of the objective.

2. Definition appears in Div A.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT:

It is the opinion of Boca Engineering Co. that FastPlank Systems aluminum exterior wall cladding when installed as described in this report, has demonstrated compliance with the listed sections of the 2020 National Building Code of Canada. Design and performance information can be found in the Product Evaluation section this report.

This report has been prepared and reviewed on behalf of Boca Engineering Co. by:

Christopher Bowness, P.Eng., P.E.

EVALUATION REPORT TERMS:

1. This report is a general evaluation of the building code section requirements as identified and applies only to the samples that were evaluated. It does not imply any endorsement or warranty, nor that the signatory Engineer is the Designer of Record of any construction project for which the information is used.

Issue Date

2024-12-31

Expiry Date

2. This Evaluation Report expires Dec. 31, 2024 open to renewal. Up to the renewal date, the report is valid until such time as the named product(s) changes, the Quality Assurance Agency changes, or provisions of the Code that relate to the product change.

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENCE:

- 1. Boca Engineering Co., it's employees and shareholders, do not have, nor do they intend to or will acquire, a financial interest in any company manufacturing or distributing products that they evaluate.
- 2. Boca Engineering Co. is not owned, operated or controlled by any company manufacturing or distributing products that they evaluate.





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Product Evaluation

1.0 **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:**

Fastplank Systems are aluminum siding planks with fastening clips and trim accessories, serving as an exterior wall covering. Planks are cold-formed from 3/64-inch thick aluminum with a V-Notch[™] profile, available in widths of 4-inch or 6-inch and lengths of 16-ft. The plank exterior surface is typically finished with a powder-coat paint in a variety of colors.

1.1 MATERIAL PROPERTIES:

The materials properties of Fastplank Systems are provided in Attachment 1 of this report.

2.0 INSTALLATION:

The cladding system as described in Section 1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, the National Building Code of Canada, subject to the Limitations stated within this report.

3.0 CODE SECTIONS REVIEW:

<u>NBCC Div. B</u> Section	Description
Section	<u>Part 3, 4, 5</u>
Div A 1.4.1.2.(1)	Determination of Noncombustibility FastPlank Systems components (without paint finish) were tested to CAN/ULC S114-18 and found to conform to the Code definition of <i>noncombustible</i> .
3.1.4.8(1)(a)	Exterior Cladding, Combustible Construction FastPlank applications conform to article 3.1.4.8.(1)(a). See this report comments to section Div A 1.4.1.2(1).
3.1.5.1.(1)	Noncombustible Materials See this report comments section Div A 1.4.1.2(1).
3.1.5.2	Minor Combustible Components Article 3.1.5.2.(1)(a) allows paint to be applied to noncombustible components.
3.1.12.1.(1)	Determination of (Flame-Spread and Smoke Developed Classification) Ratings See section 5 of this report.



4.1.3.5 Limit States Design, Deflection

Structural testing and engineering studies of wall assemblies with FastPlank Systems has been conducted and reported in Boca Engineering report 0093-11-1. It is found that when installed with the manufacturer's instructions and tested assembly details listed in Table 2 of this report, for storey heights up to 3.28 m (10 ft), with building frames structurally designed to Part 4, that the cladding materials do not become damaged or dislodged under these limitations:

i) Out of plane lateral load (wind) wall bending limit of L/180 [18 mm (3/4-inch)]

4.1.7.1.(5) Wind Load, Exterior Cladding Strength Attachment

See wind load assembly performance in Attachment 2 of this report, developed following the design methods of NBCC 4.1.7.1.(5).

4.3.5.1 Design Basis for Aluminium

FastPlank Systems conform to CAN/CSA S157/S157.1, having carried out the design verification by testing procedure as outlined in CSA S157-17, Section 22 Testing. See further information in this report Attachment 4 Limit States Design Procedure.

5.1.4.1 Resistance to Structural and Environmental Loads

The contents of this evaluation report cover the intent of demonstrating compliance to this article.

5.1.4.2 Resistance to Deterioration

FastPlank Sidings comply with material specification CGSB 93.1 and 93.2 which includes testing to ASTM B117 for 1000 hrs of salt spray exposure and found to have no visible deleterious effects. See materials properties information in Attachment 1 of this report.

5.2.1.3.(3) Environmental (Wind) Load and Transfer Calculations

The wind load calculations in this report conform to NBCC article 4.1.7.

5.6.1.1 Required Protection from Precipitation

The FastPlank aluminum cladding systems' primary function satisfies this article. See further information in this report comments to NBCC 5.6.2.1.

5.6.2.1 Sealing and Drainage

FastPlank cladding systems, when installed with per manufacturer's instructions, generally satisfy article 5.6.2.1.(1)(b), as the clips create a minimum 10 mm drainage space between the back of the cladding panel and the face of the wall sheathing. Guidance of environmental conditions (moisture index) where prescriptive cladding installations require a second plane of protection with capillary break is given in NBCC Div B, article 9.27.2.2.(5).

5.9.1.1 Compliance with Applicable Standards

FastPlank installations conform to the requirements of CAN/CGSB 93.1 and 93.2 as referenced in Table 5.9.1.1.

5.9.3.5 Water Penetration

The FastPlank System has been tested to and found to meet the requirements of the ASTM E331 water penetration test that is sited in this article, tested at pressure differentials of 0.3 kPa (6.2 psf), 0.575 kPa (12 psf) and 0.958 kPa (20 psf).



A-5.9.3.2.(1) Structural and Environmental Loads

This article states that the applicable laboratory test method for demonstrating adequate structural performance of fenestration (cladding) assemblies is ASTM E330, which is the test method that was used to determine the wind pressure performance of the cladding systems.

Part 9

9.4.1.1.(1)(c)(i) Structural Design Requirements and Application Limits

The design methodology in this evaluation for determining conformance to Part 9 has been performed in accordance with NBCC 9.4.1.1.(1)(c)(i) using the loads and deflection limits specified in Part 9.

9.10.3.2 Flame-Spread Ratings

Refers to test methods in Part 3. See this report commentary to NBCC 3.1.12.1.(1).

9.10.6 Construction Types

FastPlank Systems components (without paint finish) were tested to CAN/ULC S114-18 and found to conform to the Div A 1.4.1.2(1) definition of *noncombustible* as referenced in article 3.1.5.

9.27.1.1.(1) General, Application, Cladding

The FastPlank aluminum cladding system complies with application sentences of Subsections 9.27.2 to 9.27.12.

The plank/clip attachment to framing method has been evaluated in accordance with article 9.27.1.1.(1)(b) to Part 5.

9.27.2.2.(1)(a) Minimum Protection from Precipitation Ingress

The plank/clip attachment to framing method creates a continuous 10 mm air space between the back of cladding and wall sheathing, forming a capillary break.

9.27.11.1.(3) Material Standards, Metal

Fastplank systems conform to CGSB-93.2-M, *Prefinished Aluminum Siding, Soffits, and Fascia for Residential Use.* See this report ATTACHMENT 1: Material Properties, Table 1. Fastplank Siding Physical Properties.

3.1 SUPPLEMENTAL TESTING:

Supplemental testing to national standards that are not directly referenced in the NBCC, where the product performance results may be useful in demonstrating objectives of the NBCC:

AAMA 508-21 Voluntary Test Method and Specification for Pressure Equalized Rain Screen Wall Cladding Systems

A Fastplank installation has been tested to and meets the criteria of AAMA 508-21, as further detailed in BOCA report 0093-17-1.



4.0 LIMITATIONS:

- 1. This Evaluation is for the base code requirements of the building system as addressed in this report. In some building applications, additional performance objectives may be required by Code which must be addressed in the building design for those specific cases.
- 2. Design calculations, drawings, and special inspections are to be furnished for building projects by registered professionals as required by the respective jurisdictional authorities and Codes.
- 3. Wall framing and sheathing to which the siding is attached must be designed and installed for the applicable wind pressure and other climate and occupancy loads as required by Code for the construction project. Where framing and sheathing details are provided in this report, they are representing the minimum tested or calculated materials for the required strength of attachment for the wall cladding. The wall framing structural design and performance is outside the scope of this report.
- 4. Response of cladding to Seismic loads have not been considered in this evaluation.
- 5. Wall assemblies with FastPlank siding, to achieve the wall assembly water-resistance performance standards as stated in this report must be constructed with sheathing, sheathing membrane, water-resistive barrier and flashing in conformance with the NBCC.
- 6. The Ruspert coated corrosion-resistant screws supplied with Fastplank systems must be used for installation.

5.0 FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

Summary of fire performance classifications found by testing to code referenced standards: CAN/ULC S114-18: Unfinished plank meets definition of <u>non-combustible</u>. CAN/ULC S102-18: Flame Spread Index (FSI): 0, Smoke Developed Index (SDI): 30

6.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE ENTITY:

The products evaluated in this report are surveyed at the approved manufacturing locations with third-party quality assurance inspections and product certification labeling by Intertek.

7.0 MANUFACTURING PLANTS:

The manufacturing plants of cladding materials covered in this evaluation report are located in: Calgary, AB.

8.0 LABELING:

Labeling shall be in accordance with the requirements of and bear the certification mark of the Accredited Quality Assurance Agency.

Entity	Entity Accreditation ¹	Standards	Report No.	Issue Date
Intertek	SCC Lab No. 54	CAN/ULC-S102	104572653COQ-005 R0	2021-03-18
Intertek	SCC Lab No. 54	CAN/ULC S114	104572653COQ-007 R0	2021-04-27
Intertek	SCC Lab No. 54	ASTM E331	104634983COQ-002A	2021-07-23
Intertek	SCC Lab No. 54	ASTM E330	104352097COQ-002	2021-05-06
Intertek	SCC Lab No. 54	ASTM E330	104352869COQ-022A	2021-08-10
Boca Engineering	Note 2	ASTM E330	0093-5-1	2022-05-10
Boca Engineering	Note 2	ASTM E330	0093-11-2	2023-06-19
Boca Engineering	Note 2	AAMA 508	0093-17-1	2023-07-18
Intertek	IAS TL-144	ASTM B117	L2210.01-106-31 R0	2021-09-15

9.0 REFERENCE TESTING AND EVALUATION DOCUMENTS:



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Intertek	IAS TL-144	AAMA 508-21	105139889COQ-012	2023-05-25
Intertek	IAS TL 144	CAN/CGSB 93.1, 93.2	P0500.01-106-31 R2	2023-04-12
Intertek	SCC No. 10014	Product Certification	Spec ID 68062	2023-07-25
Intertek	IAS AA-647	Quality Assurance	Spec ID 68062	2023-07-25

1. Testing, certification, evaluation, and inspection agencies referenced have been verified to be accredited by Standards Council of Canada (www.scc.ca), A2LA (www.a2la.org) or International Accreditation Service (www.iasonline.org) for the applicable scope, in good standing on the date of the evaluation, in accordance with ISO 17025 and ISO 17020 international standards for testing and inspection bodies.

2. Professional Engineer sealed report.



Attachments

ATTACHMENT 1: MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Table 1: Fastplank Siding Physical Properties

Method		Re	sult	Requirement	Compliance	
		Material P	roperties per CGSB 93	3.1		
CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1	Meets as Stated			Commercially smooth and uniform in appearance, free from cracks, pinholes, blisters, and flaking	Pass	
ASTM D1729			-	Commercially smooth and uniform in appearance, and match colour specified	Pass	
ASTM D523-	60° 10.1		-	As reported	As reported	
67 (1972)	8	5°	10.1	As reported	As reported	
ASTM D1400			5.55 0.99	- > 20μm	As reported As reported	
CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2		No visib	le rupture	No visible rupture	Pass	
CGSB 93.1	Fr	ont	No removal of coating	No removal of coating		
Section 7.2.3	Ba	ack	No removal of	No removal of coating	Pass	
CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4				≥HB	Pass	
CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5	No e	vidence of o	cracking or flaking	No evidence of cracking or flaking	Pass	
CGSB 93.1	Front	0.0	No corrosion,	≤ 1.5	6	
Section 7.2.6	Back	0.0	deleterious effects	≤ 1.5	Pass	
ASTM	Front	No blister	S	No blisters		
D2247/ASTM D714	Back	No blister	S	No blisters	Pass	
CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7	No cl	nalking, che	cking, or cracking	No chalking, checking, or cracking	Pass	
		Material P	Properties per CGSB 93			
CGSB 93.2 Section 5		Meets /	As Stated	Uniform in profile, pattern, color, gloss, and free from defects	Pass	
CGSB 93.2 Section 6.4		Averag	e: 60 mil	Report as found	Pass	
CGSB 93.2		Meets	As Stated	< 10 mm impact indentation	Pass	
Section 8.2.1			is stated	< 13 mm impact indentation	1 0 3 3	
CGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.2	2,438mr		-	Support 1 kg 1,100 mm from	Pass	
CGSB 93.2			As Stated	Support a minimum of 14.0 kg load without buckling	Pass	
	CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1 ASTM D1729 ASTM D523- 67 (1972) ASTM D1400 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.3 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6 ASTM D2247/ASTM D714 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7	CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1 ASTM D1729 ASTM D523- 67 (1972) ASTM D1400 ASTM D1400 Fri ASTM D1400 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.3 Section 7.2.4 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5 Section 7.2.6 Back ASTM D714 Back CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6 Back CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6 Back CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7 No cl CGSB 93.2 Section 5 CGSB 93.2 Section 6.4 CGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.1 CGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.1	Material PCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1Meets aASTM D172960°ASTM D523- 67 (1972)60°ASTM D1400FrontASTM D1400BackCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2FrontSection 7.2.3BackCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4FrontCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4No visibCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4FrontCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5No evidence of colsCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4FrontCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5No evidence of colsCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6Front0.0Back0.0BackCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6No blisterCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7No blisterCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7No charling, cheCGSB 93.2 Section 5Meets ACGSB 93.2 Section 6.4AveragCGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.12,438mm, specimerCGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.22,438mm, specimer	Material Properties per CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1Meets as StatedASTM D1729-ASTM D523- 67 (1972)60°10.1 85°ASTM D523- 67 (1972)60°10.1 10.1ASTM D1400Front5.55ASTM D1400Back0.99CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2No visible ruptureCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.3FrontNo removal of coatingCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4FrontNo removal of coatingCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.5No evidence of cracking or flakingCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.6Front0.0No corrosion, blisters or other deleterious effectsASTM D2247/ASTM D714FrontNo blistersD2247/ASTM D714BackNo blistersCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7No chalking, checking, or crackingCGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7No chalking, checking, or crackingCGSB 93.2 Section 5Meets As StatedCGSB 93.2 Section 6.4Average: 60 milCGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.1Meets As StatedCGSB 93.2 Section 8.2.12,438mm, specimen touched the ground but did not buckle	Material Properties per CGSB 93.1 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.1 Meets as Stated Commercially smooth and uniform in appearance, free from cracks, pinholes, blisters, and flaking ASTM D1729 - Commercially smooth and uniform in appearance, and match colour specified ASTM D523- 67 (1972) 60° 10.1 As reported ASTM D1400 Front 5.55 > ASTM D1400 Front 5.55 > 20µm CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.2 No visible rupture No visible rupture No visible rupture CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.3 Back 0.99 > 20µm CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 Front No removal of coating No removal of coating CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 H ≥ HB No removal of coating CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.4 Front 0.0 No corrosion, blisters or other deleterious effects \$ 1.5 ASTM D2247/ASTM D714 Front No blisters No blisters No blisters ASTM D2247/ASTM D714 Back No blisters No blisters \$ 1.5 CGSB 93.1 Section 7.2.7 Mo chalking, checking, or cracking No chalking, checking, or cracking \$ 1.5 CGSB 93.2 Sec	



			General Material Properties				
T 1 0 1		Yield	26,171 psi (180 MPa)				
Tensile Strength (psi)	ASTM E8	Ult.	30,298 psi (209 MPa)	Report Value	Pass		
(psi)		MOE	8.6 x 10 ⁶ psi (59,295 MPa)				
Corrosion		Front	0 mm	Absence of rust, blistering,			
Resistance of Coated Surface,	ASTM D1654	Back	0 mm	adhesion loss, after 1000 hrs	Pass		
Mean Creepage (mm)		No visible deleterious effects		of ASTM B117 Salt Fog exposure			
Non- Combustibility	CAN/ULC S114-18	2. No	erature rise not to exceed 36° C flaming during final 14.5 min. 3) Max mass loss of 20%	Meets definition of Non- combustible	Pass		
Flame Spread Index	CAN/ULC S102-18		0	-	-		
Smoke Developed Index	CAN/ULC S102-18		30	-	-		
		Wa	ll Assembly Tests, Performance V	/alues ¹			
Wind Resistance (psf)	ASTM E330	Design	Design pressure values of 43 – 115 psf (2.11 – 5.55 kPa), dependant on assembly detail and installation conditions				
Water Penetration Resistance	ASTM E331	No leakage observed after 15-min pressurized rain exposure at 0.3 kPa (6.2 psf) , 0.57 kPa (12 psf) and 0.958 kPa (20 psf)					
Pressure Equalized Rain Screen	AAMA 508	Meets criteria of test standard definition of Pressure Equalized Rain Screen					

1. Wall assembly tests results are dependant on plank models, installation components and environmental conditions consistent with tested details. See Fastplank's document library of Engineering and Certifications reports for further details.

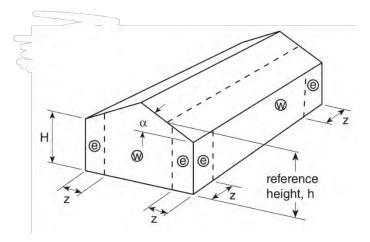


ATTACHMENT 2: ASSEMBLY WIND PRESSURE TABLES

The FastPlank siding wind pressures and wind reference velocity conversion tables have been developed to assist users with determining acceptable installation details for a range of wall construction components, building dimension plans, and site and environmental conditions.

Wind reference velocity conversion tables have been prepared following design methodology of NBCC article 4.1.7, for enclosed buildings with maximum height of 30m (100 ft) with topographic factor set to unity. These settings are typical of many installations. All design details must agree with the information within the table and table notes to be considered valid. If the actual site, building dimension or climatic conditions (including the given variables) differ from those prescribed, the maximum design pressure values may be used to calculate adjusted reference velocity pressure limits.

When the design pressure has been pre-determined by a design professional, the user only needs to check that the installation detail's maximum design pressure is equal or greater to the actual.



(1) End-zone width z is the lesser of 10% of the least horizontal dimension and 40% of height, H, but not less than 4% of the least horizontal dimension or 1 m.
(2) e: End-zone, w: Field.

Figure 1: Wind Pressure Zone Diagram as represented in 2020 NBCC for use in conjunction with Tables 2 & 3.



Assembly Number ²	Configuration ^{3,4}	Fastener Substrate	Min. Framing ^{5,6}	Fastener ⁷	Min. Sheathing ^{8,9}	Max. Design Pressure (kPa) ^{10,11,12}
1	Clips @ 32" O.C. straight	Stud	2x4 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB	2.11
2	Clips @ 32" O.C. straight	Sheathing	2x4 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB	2.11
3	Clips @ 32" O.C. straight	Sheathing	2x4 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	5/8" Plywood	3.30
4	Clips @ 32" O.C. staggered	Stud	2x4 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB + 5/8" Ext. Gypsum	3.37
5	Clips @ 32" O.C. staggered	Stud	2x4 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB	3.97
6	Clips @ 16" O.C. straight	Stud	2x6 SPF No. 2 wood studs @ 16" o.c.	#10 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB	5.55
7	Clips @ 32" O.C. staggered	Stud	1-5/8 x 3-5/8 33 ksi 18 ga. steel stud @ 16" o.c.	#12 - 1-1/2" screw	1/2" Ext. Gypsum	3.32
8	Clips @ 32" O.C. staggered	Stud	1-5/8 x 3-5/8 33 ksi 18 ga. steel stud @ 16" o.c.	#12 - 1-1/2" screw	7/16" OSB	3.37

Table 2: Wind Pressure Assembly Configurations for FastPlank P44V and P46V Planks¹

Table 3: Maximum Reference Velocity Pressure of Wall Cladding Installed at Various Building Heights and Exposure Categories – NBCC 2020 - Wall Height Limit of 3m (10 ft), Bending Deflection Limit of L/180¹

				Max	imum Refer	ence Velocity	/ Pressure q1	/50 ≤ (kPa) ^{10,1}	3,14,15				
Assembly	Max. Design		Maximum height of installed cladding (m) ¹⁶										
Number ² Pressu	Pressure p (kPa) ^{10,11,12}		Open	Terrain, End	-zone ¹⁷		Open Terrain, Field ¹⁷						
	(Kra)	6 m	12 m	20 m	24 m	30 m	6 m	12 m	20 m	24 m	30 m		
1	2.11	-0.87	-0.78	-0.52	-0.50	-0.48	-0.97	-0.88	-0.66	-0.64	-0.61		
2	2.11	-0.87	-0.78	-0.52	-0.50	-0.48	-0.97	-0.88	-0.66	-0.64	-0.61		
3	3.30	-1.00	-1.00	-0.82	-0.79	-0.75	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-0.96		
4	3.37	-1.00	-1.00	-0.83	-0.80	-0.77	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-0.98		
5	3.97	-1.00	-1.00	-0.98	-0.95	-0.90	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
6	5.55	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
7	3.32	-1.00	-1.00	-0.82	-0.79	-0.76	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-0.96		
8	3.37	-1.00	-1.00	-0.83	-0.80	-0.77	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-0.98		
			Rough	Terrain, End	-zone ¹⁷			Rou	gh Terrain, Fi	eld ¹⁷			
1	2.11	-1.00	-1.00	-0.74	-0.70	-0.66	-1.00	-1.00	-0.94	-0.89	-0.84		
2	2.11	-1.00	-1.00	-0.74	-0.70	-0.66	-1.00	-1.00	-0.94	-0.89	-0.84		
3	3.30	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
4	3.37	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
5	3.97	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
6	5.55	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
7	3.32	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		
8	3.37	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00		

Table notes begin next page.

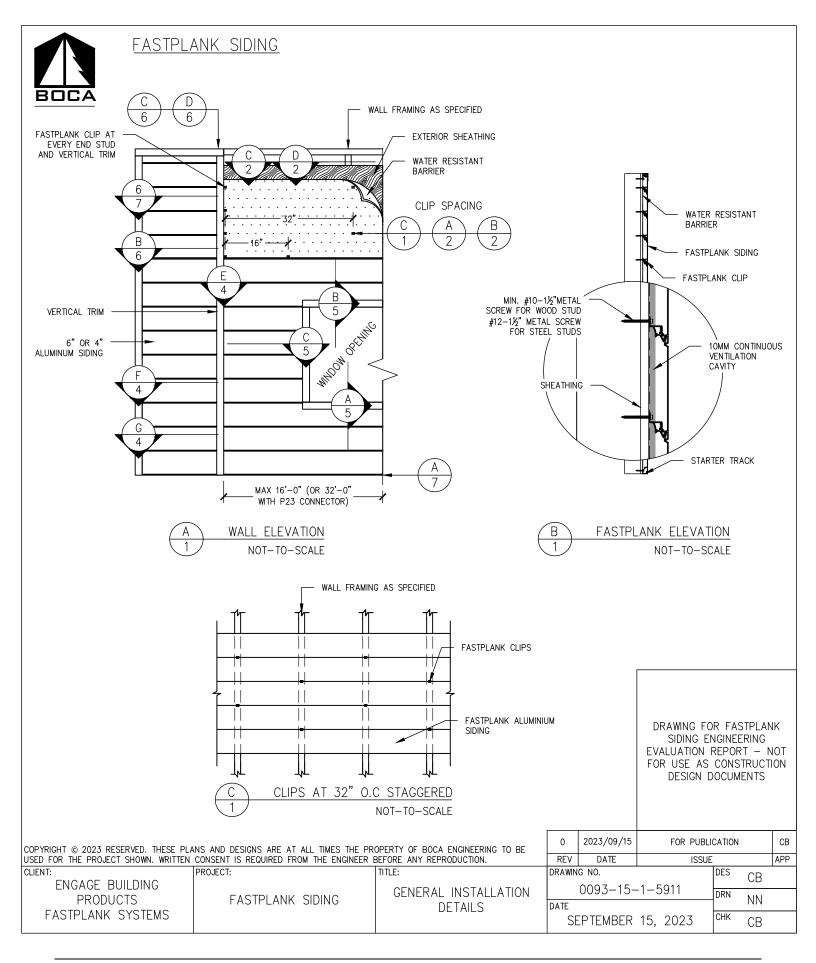


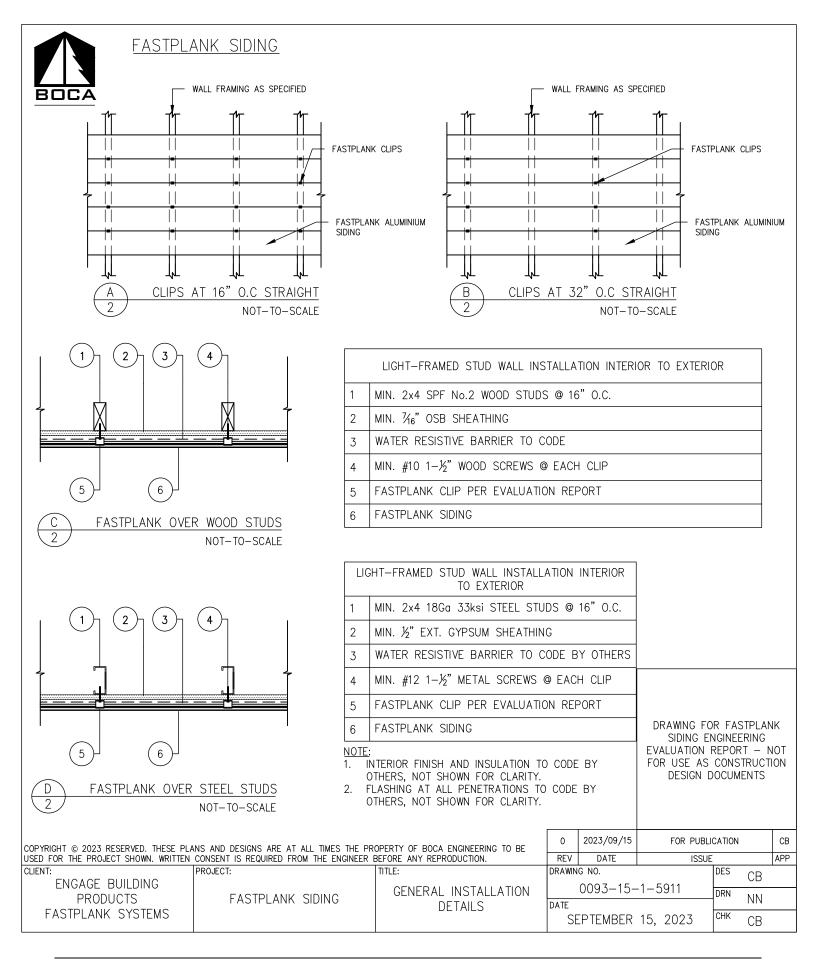
Tables 2 - 3, Notes:

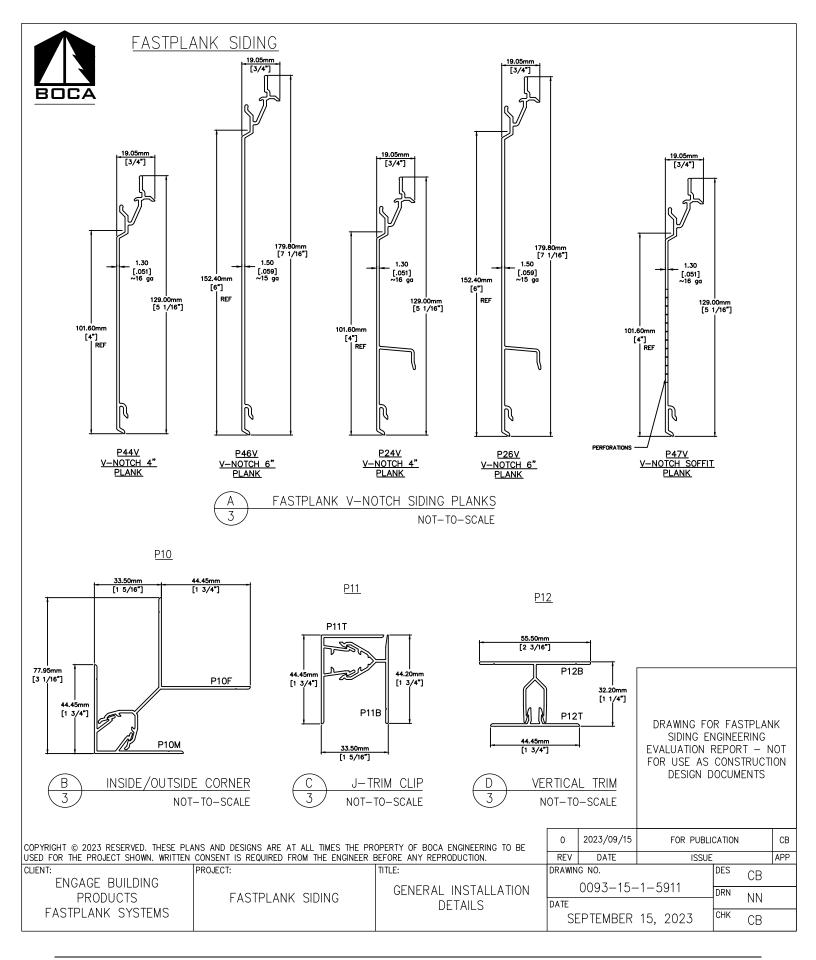
- The siding has been tested to the published maximum design pressures at the respective bending limitation of L/180 for wall heights of up to 3 m (10 ft). Where framing and sheathing details are provided in these tables, this represents only the minimum tested or calculated materials for the required strength of attachment of the wall cladding. Primary structural building loads and capacity of the building framing is outside the scope of this table and must be designed and installed for the applicable wind, climate and occupancy loads as required by Code for the construction project. See Attachment 4 of the report for further discussion.
- 2) Assembly no. per Table 2 and additional details in the assembly diagrams of this report are to be followed.
- 3) A straight configuration consists of vertically aligned clips at each plank with horizontal spacing as stated.
- 4) A staggered configuration consists of vertically aligned clips on every second plank with the clip starting locations alternating between the first and second plank rows to create a staggered appearance.
- 5) Wood framing min. nominal member size, to comply with NLGA 2017. May be substituted with i) any larger section dimension of the same material, and/or, ii) any species/grade of 0.42 specific gravity or greater.
- 6) Steel framing min. dimensions 1-5/8 x 3-5/8, to comply with CSA S136, min. yield strength of 33 ksi and 18 ga (43 mil) thickness. May be substituted with i) any larger section dimension of the same material, and/or, ii) any greater yield strength and/or gauge thickness.
- 7) Fasteners supplied with FastPlank siding must be used.
- 8) Wood-based Sheathing: Min. 7/16 OSB to comply with CSA O437. May be substituted with min. 15/32 plywood complying with CSA O325 and/or thicker profile of up to nominal 1-inch.
- 9) Gypsum sheathing must comply with ASTM C1396 and be rated by the manufacturer for exterior use; gypsum thickness may not be increased.
- 10) Wind pressures are only valid under the design conditions stated. For other site and/or building dimensions, designers can use the published maximum design pressure to determine allowable wind speeds following article 4.1.7.
- 11) The maximum design pressure is determined from tested assemblies as the ultimate negative test pressure divided by 2. In limit states design, the safety factor of 2 applied to the ultimate strength may be regarded as equal to the wind load factor divided by resistance factor.
- 12) The maximum design pressure must not exceed the <u>unfactored</u> pressure determined by article 4.1.7.3.
- 13) A maximum $q_{1/50}$ value of 1.0 has been applied.
- 14) NA indicates that the installation condition is not acceptable within the design limits of the table.
- 15) The maximum $q_{1/50}$ pre-calculated published values with the inputs of: ULS $I_w = 1$, SLS $I_w = 0.75$, $C_t = 1$, $C_{ei} = -0.45$ to +0.3. The values of C_e , C_g , C_p , C_{gi} , C_{pi} were determined using the procedures of article 4.1.7.3.
- 16) Interpolation not permitted. For heights in between those listed, use next highest height column.
- 17) Wind exposure categories as defined in article 4.1.7.3(5) as displayed in Figure 1.

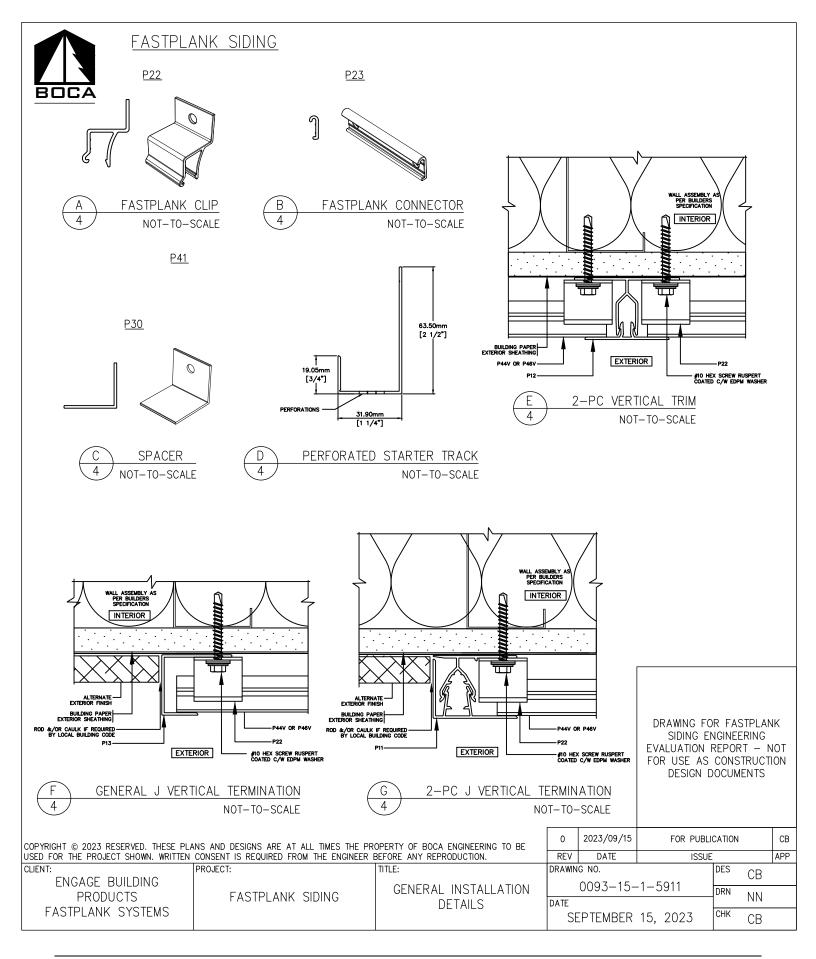
ATTACHMENT 3: ASSEMBLY DIAGRAMS

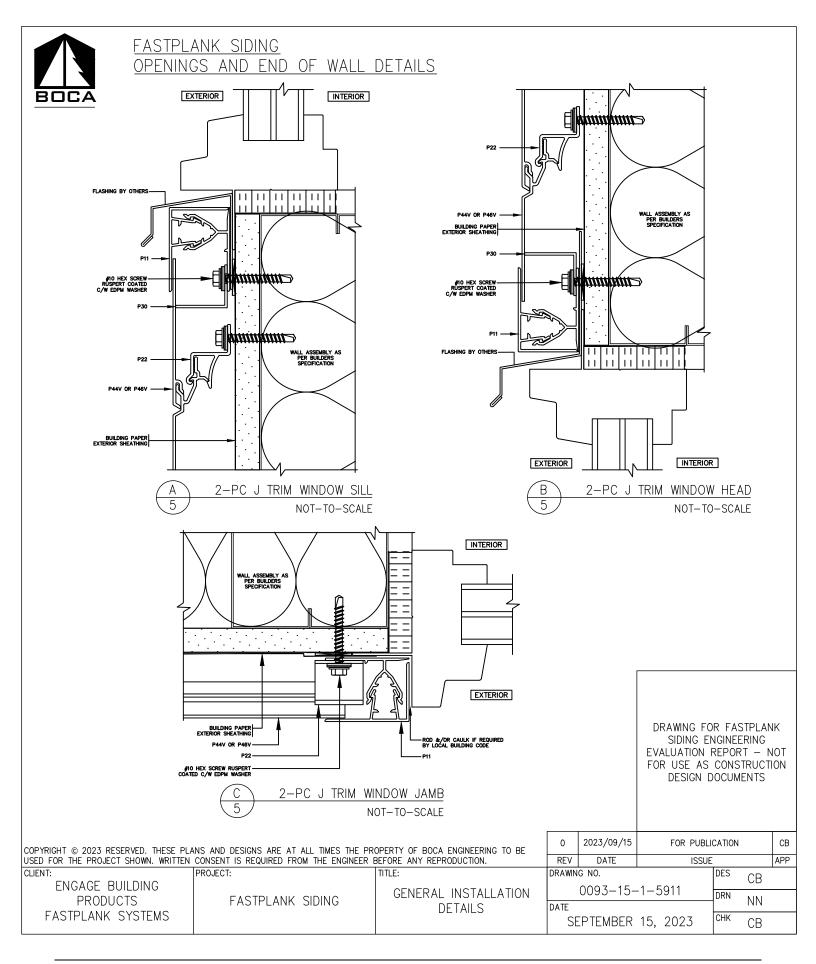
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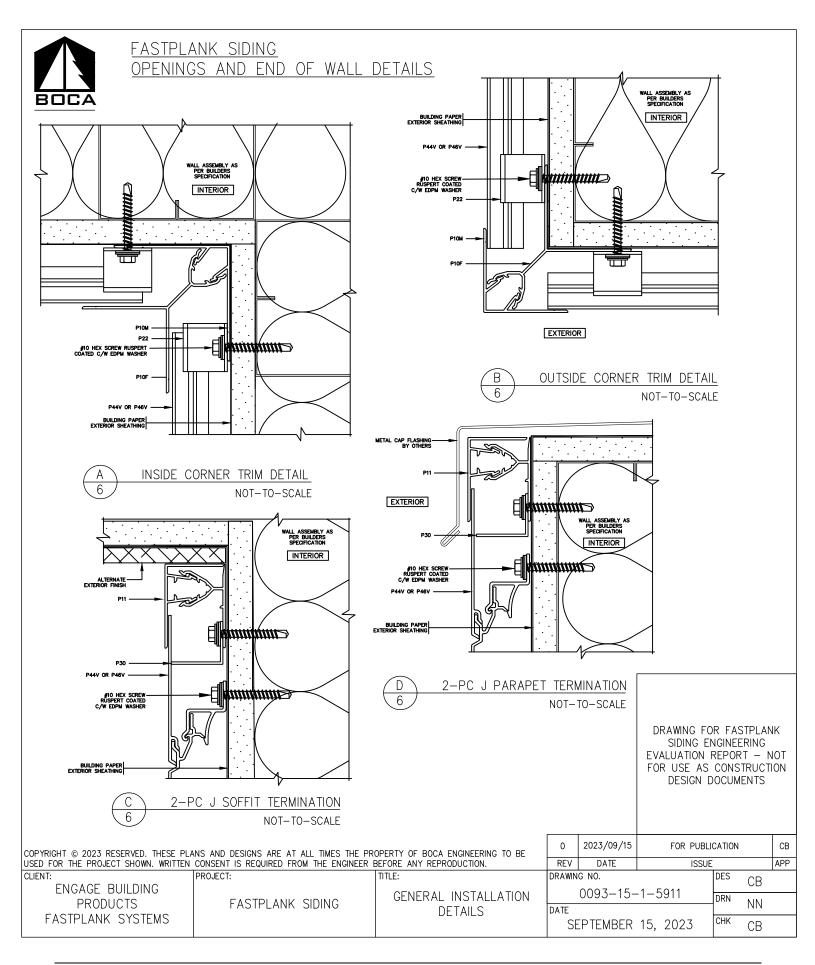














FASTPLANK SIDING OPENINGS AND END OF WALL DETAILS

LEGEND AND SYMBOLS

A DETAIL NUMBER 1 SHEET DRAWN A SECTION NUMBER 1 SHEET DRAWN

TESTING AND CODE COMPLIANCE

- 1. THE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY SHOWN HAS BEEN EVALUATED ACCORDING TO THE TEST STANDARDS AS OUTLINED IN THE EVALUATION REPORT.
- 2. THE STRUCTURAL FRAMING AND SHEATHING SHALL BE DESIGNED AND ANCHORED TO PROVIDE LATERAL BRACING AND PROPERLY TRANSFER ALL LOADS TO THE STRUCTURE. FRAMING DESIGN AND INSTALLATION IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT OF RECORD FOR THE PROJECT OF INSTALLATION.
- 3. THESE DRAWINGS APPLY TO THE TESTING ASSEMBLY ONLY AND DO NOT IMPLY THAT THE SIGNATORY ENGINEER IS THE DESIGNER OF RECORD FOR ANY FUTURE CONSTRUCTION ON WHICH THEY ARE USED
- 4. SOME NON-STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS NOT SHOWN AND DO NOT IMPACT STRENGTH FOR ATTACHMENT. TO BE INSTALLED PER CODE AND MAY INCLUDE: FLASHING, INTERIOR INSULATION, INTERIOR FINISH.

INSTALLATION

1. FOR COMPLETE INSTALLATION DETAILS SEE TECHNICAL PRODUCT DATA ON PRODUCT MANUFACTURER'S WEBSITE.

2. THE INSTALLATION DETAILS DESCRIBED ARE OF THE LABORATORY TESTED ASSEMBLY AND MAY NOT REFLECT ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOR A SPECIFIC SITE. IF SITE CONDITIONS DEVIATE FROM THE REQUIREMENTS DETAILED HEREIN, THE JOB ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT PREPARED SITE-SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS SHALL BE USED.

SHEATHING

- 1. WOOD-BASED STRUCTURAL SHEATHING:
- 1.1. PLYWOOD CSA 0121, CSA 0151 OR CSA 0153.
- 1.2. OSB CSA 0437.0.
- 2. GYPSUM SHEATHING: ASTM C1396, EXTERIOR TYPE.

FASTENERS

- 1. WOOD SCREWS TO CONFORM TO ASME B18.6.1.
- 2. METAL SCREWS TO CONFORM TO ASTM C1513.
- 3. ALL FASTENERS WITH CORROSION-RESISTANT RUSPERT COATING.

FRAMING

 METAL FRAMING MEMBERS MINIMUM 18 GAUGE U.NO., 33ksi, COMPLIANCE WITH CSA S136.
 WOOD FRAMING MIN. 2x4 S.G. 0.42, COMPLIANCE WITH CSA 0141.

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ALUMINUM

1. ALUMINUM TO CONFORM TO CGSB 93.1/93.2.

RDING TO RT. D AND NSFER EXTER ATION ECORD D DO COMPERT CONT C/W EDPN MASHE D DO ODE T ODE FINISH. PERFORATION Y R A	W DD R R 41		WALL ASSEMELY AS SPECIFICATION INTERIOR	
TS (NOT-TO-SCALE	
G. 41.			DRAWING FOR FASTPLAN SIDING ENGINEERING EVALUATION REPORT – N FOR USE AS CONSTRUCTI DESIGN DOCUMENTS	OT
ENGINEERING TO BE RODUCTION.	0 REV	2023/09/15 DATE	FOR PUBLICATION ISSUE	CB APP

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BUILDING PAPER



ATTACHMENT 4: DISCUSSION OF LIMIT STATES DESIGN PROCEDURE

Testing

The NBCC by reference to CSA S157-17 provides guidance information of how to undertake a testing and engineering design analysis to make determining conclusions to the Code requirements covered in this report. CSA S157-17, Chapter 22, *Testing*, subsection 22.1.1(c) provides the objective statements that directs for a design by testing approach for the flexural resistance and attachment of aluminum siding. Subsection 22.2.2, *Procedures,* references the ASTM E330 test procedure. Subsection 22.3.1.2, *Ultimate limit state*, says "the applied force shall be that due to the factored loads... divided by the appropriate resistance factor..." The Code clearly defines the loading criteria for exterior cladding systems.

Load Combinations, Load and Resistance Factors, Test Factors

Test Load Factors are computed by:

Test Load Factor = $\frac{Combined \ Load \ Factor}{Resistance \ Factor}$

The resistance factor is taken from the materials standard for the respective failure type.

Wind load on cladding is typically taken as acting as an isolated and independent force on the cladding component and its attachment in to framing. Design load combinations used in this evaluation are:

Ultimate (ULS): 1.4 W Service (SLS): (0.75) 1.0 W (where 0.75 is the wind importance factor for serviceability)

The failure mode in all tests performed was disengagement of the aluminum planks from the fastening clips, followed by bending past yield of the plank members. Following CSA S157, Clause 6.4, the resistance factors for the respective loading/stress conditions of the aluminum components are tabulated and combined with the load factors and the respective minimum test load factors become:

Components	Stress Type	Resistance Factor (Φ)	Ult. Load Factor (L.F.)	L.F / Φ
Planks	Bending (yield)	0.9	1.4	1.56
Fastening Clips	Fastening	0.67	1.4	2.08

By review of the table, it is shown that the appropriate system test factor is 2.0 to the unfactored service-level design loads.

Wall Framing Component Strength of Attachments

The maximum design wind pressures published in the report are exclusive to the tested strength of the cladding materials and the connection strength in to the wall framing. In many cases the actual design wind pressure would be less than the capacity of the cladding system. In any such and all cases in a building design, the actual design pressure imparted by the cladding in to the building framing (and all other forces imparted in to the framing) should be used to design the building framing members.



There are many variables that would be considered in the building frame design. The minimum framing members specified in this report to accept the cladding attachment forces would not necessarily adequately serve the overall building design loads and deflection limits. This is why the design tables and diagrams in the report advise that design capacity of "the building framing is outside the scope of this report and must be designed and installed for the applicable wind, climate and occupancy loads" of the building project. The variables in the framing design, including but not limited to the height of walls, whether they are vertical load-bearing or non-bearing, and the contribution of other climate loads along with the wind force transferred through the cladding, must all be taken in to account when specifying the structural components that the cladding will attach in to.

Deflection Limits

The bending deflection limits set for this design evaluation are L/180 for the deflection of the wall frame, and L/60 for the differential movement of the cladding member relative to the wall frame. With these deflection limits tested at the maximum wall height of 10 ft and cladding anchorage spans of 16 or 32 inches, the cladding panels were found to not dislodge or distort and return to the set position after releasing the service-level design loads as published. In-plane lateral deflection limits of the system were not assessed.

- END -